

### Certified Public Accountants

Honorable Mayor and Members of Council City of Balaton

At the conclusion of our audit we communicated to you our significant findings and other communication required with those charged with governance.

We have also supplied to you our recommended year-end adjusting journal entries. These are the adjustments that must be made in order for your accounting system to be in agreement with the year-end audit. Please review the adjustments and if they meet with your approval, post them to your accounting system for the year ended December 31, 2023. After posting the adjustments, please send us an updated balance sheet.

Please review all enclosed documents, sign below and return this form to us.

Thank you,

Kinner + Company Ltd.
Kinner & Company Ltd
Tracy, Minnesota

April 8, 2024

Enclosures

We have reviewed and approved the preceding items.

Kimberly Wall

Clerk



### Kinner & Company Ltd

### Certified Public Accountants

City of Balaton Attn: Kimberly Wall 134 3<sup>rd</sup> Street Balaton, MN 56115

Dear Kim:

Enclosed is a draft of your audit report and a representation letter from you to our firm. Please complete the lower portion of this page, read and sign the representation letter, and return both of them to our office.

We will prepare and forward bound copies of your audit report when we receive your approval.

If you have any questions, please call us at 507-629-3662.

It was a pleasure working with you and we look forward to working with you again in the future.

Sincerely,

Kinner + Company Ltd.

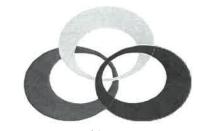
Kinner & Company Ltd Certified Public Accountants

**Enclosures** 

Kimberly Wall

### Approval or Changes needed:

<u> </u>	_I have read the draft of the Audit Report and approve it for binding. We will require copies of the Audit Report.
	_I would like to have an exit interview with the accountants to discuss the financial statements in greater detail.
	_I have comments or concerns regarding the presentation of the following items in the Audit Report as described below (attach additional sheets if necessary):
-X	Kin wall



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Please review all enclosed documents, sign below and return this form to us.

Thank you,

Kinner & Company Ltd

Kinner + Company Ltd.

Tracy, Minnesota

April 8, 2024

**Enclosures** 

We have reviewed and approved the preceding items.

Kimberly Wall

Clerk



### **MANAGEMENT LETTER**

To the Council and Mayor of the City of Balaton

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Balaton, Minnesota for the year ended December 31, 2023 we considered the City's internal control as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of the following opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The comments and suggestions are summarized below. This letter does not affect our report dated April 8, 2024, on the financial statements of the City of Balaton, Minnesota.

### COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

- The city council formally adopted a fund balance policy for the general fund. The Office of the State Auditor recommends maintain at least 3-6 months of unassigned fund balance. The City's formal policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance between the range of 35%-50% of the budgeted operating expenses for the next year. At December 31, 2023 the unassigned balance was 37% of the subsequent years budgeted expenses. This was the first time you have maintained the minimum unassigned fund balance since 2018.
- The Office of the State Auditor recommend the departments, including fire and ambulance prepare a capital outlay schedule for the next 5-10 years for replacement. If this is not completed for 2023, a finding will exist on the audit report for 2023. This had been done in the past, but with turnover of employees and department heads, this has not been done the last few years. This is an excellent tool for budgeting new equipment and improvements that are coming in the next few years.
- At December 31, 2023 there was \$62,242 of ambulance accounts receivable. The RCB collection agency balance is \$29,642. \$12,404 of the \$62,242 balance may be written off by council approval, if that is needed if the new billing department can not collect. The accounting office has changed billing departments to Metro billing.

- The Council should review balances due for deficit pooled cash and make a plan for repayment or consider writing off these amounts.
- The accounting department should request the Small Cities Deed grant activity from Kristie at DSI to enter into Banyon quarterly. Copies of the drawdowns should also be maintained by the City and reviewed by council or mayor.
- There should be no cashing of third party checks at the liquor store.
- There was a tax abatement check sent out to a resident that was denied.
- There should be a schedule of tax abatement for each resident that was approved and a signed document. This approval should be in the minutes.
- The accounting department needs to keep track of all committed funds for capital outlay and those amounts need to be approved at a council meeting to record as committed fund balance.
- A review of the receipt book comparing to the actual cash deposited to the bank showed immaterial variances at the end of the year. This is a reminder to make sure that the receipt is filled out properly, check or cash.
- The accounting office should prepare an accounting manual for their duties so if someone is absent that the other one can perform those duties. The clerk and deputy clerk should prepare a listing of duties that they perform on a regular basis. This will show if some of the duties should be segregated to the other due to full time and part time hours.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with the City Clerk, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Kinner & Company Ltd

Kinner + Company Ltd.

April 8, 2024

### CITY OF BALATON 134 THIRD STREET BALATON, MN 56115

Kinner & Company Ltd Certified Public Accountants 212 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 1 Tracy, MN 56175

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the City of Balaton, which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of April 7, 2024, the following representations made to you during your audit.

### **Financial Statements**

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated January 2, 2024, including our responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and for preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria.
- 2) The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.

- 3) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 5) Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured in fair value, are reasonable.
- 6) Related party relationships and transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP.
- 7) All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which U.S. GAAP requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed. No events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the aforementioned financial statements (or in the schedule of prior and current findings and responses).
- 8) The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements for each opinion unit. A list of the uncorrected misstatements is attached to the representation letter.
- 9) The effects of all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 10) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed.

### **Information Provided**

- 11) We have provided you with:
  - a) Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, and other matters (and all audit or relevant monitoring reports, if any, received from funding sources).
  - b) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.

- c) Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- d) Minutes of the meetings of City Council or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- 12) All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 13) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of that risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 14) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
  - a) Management
  - b) Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
  - c) Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 15) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, regulators, or others.
- 16) We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 17) We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 18) We have disclosed to you the identity of the entity's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.

### Government-specific

- 19) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- 20) We have taken timely and appropriate steps to remedy fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, or abuse that you have reported to us.
- 21) We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 22) We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, or other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 23) We have provided our views on reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for the report.
- 24) The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- 25) We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts; and we have identified and disclosed to you all laws, regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 26) There are no violations, or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting approving and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- 27) As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and related notes. We have designated an individual with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee your services and have made all management decisions and performed all management functions. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes.

- 28) The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 29) The City has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 30) We have followed all applicable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 31) The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint venture and other related organizations.
- 32) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities.
- 33) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 34) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) and equity amounts are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 35) Investments, derivative instruments, and land and other real estate held by endowments are properly valued.
- 36) Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 37) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 38) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 39) Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 40) Deposits and investment securities and derivative instruments are properly classified as to risk and are properly disclosed.
- 41) Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated.

- 42) The government meets the GASB-established requirements for accounting for eligible infrastructure assets using the modified approach.
- 43)We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension liabilities and costs for financial accounting purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.
- 44)We have appropriately disclosed the City's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that the net position was properly recognized under the policy.
- 45)We are following our established accounting policy regarding which resources (that is, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned) are considered to be spent first for expenditures for which more than one resource classification is available. That policy determines the fund balance classifications for financial reporting purposes.
- 46) We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.
- 47) We have identified to you any investigations or legal proceedings that have been initiated with respect to the period under audit.
- 48) With respect to the combining statements:
  - a. We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the combining statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and we believe the combining statements, including their form and content, are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The methods of measurement and presentation of the combining statements have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.

X Kimberly Wall, Clerk-Treasurer

# CITY OF BALATON BALATON, MINNESOTA 56115 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2023



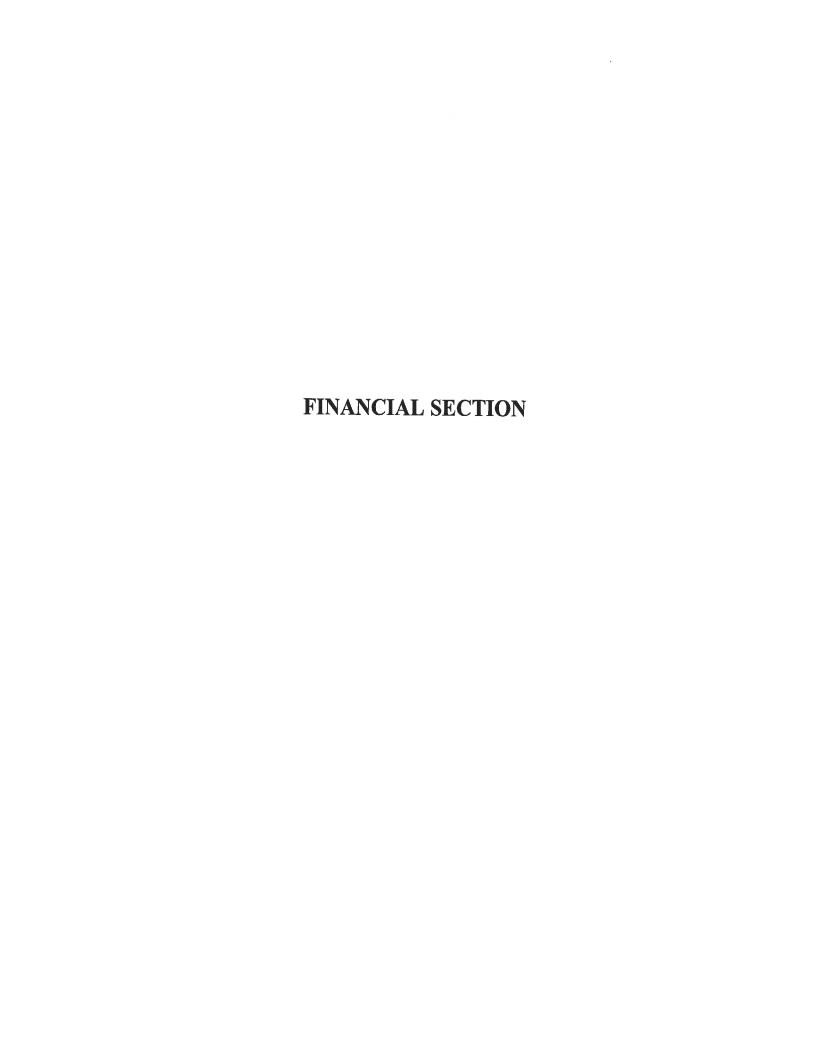
Kinner & Company Ltd

Certified Public Accountants
Taxes, QuickBooks &
Investments

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Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Balaton Balaton, Minnesota 56115

#### Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Balaton, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Balaton, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions on section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the City of Balaton, Minnesota as of December 31, 2023, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Unmodified Opinions on Business-type Activities, Each Major Fund and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Balaton, Minnesota as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, EDA and Fire funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Balaton, Minnesota and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

The volunteer fire relief association affiliated with the City has not complied with the GASB standards relating to pensions for 2023. Therefore, the City is unable to report pension amounts related to the relief association in the government-wide governmental activities. The effects on the accompanying financial statements of the noncompliance have not been determined.

212 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Tracy, MN 56175 507-629-3662, fax 507-629-3446 Visit our website at <u>www.kinner.co</u>

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Balaton, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Balaton, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Balaton, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the pension required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Balaton, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 8, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Balaton's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Balaton's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kinner & Company Ltd Certified Public Accountants

Kinner + Company Ltd.

April 8, 2024

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

### REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Our analysis of "the City as a whole" begins on page 5. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes therein. You can think of the City's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the city into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities- Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the fire, public
  works, parks and general administration. Property taxes and State and Federal grants finance most of
  these activities.
- Business-type Activities- The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer and garbage are reported here.

### REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. The City's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides these services are
  generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities
  are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's
  enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide
  statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

### THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position increased \$581,461 in 2023 and increased \$422,526 in 2022. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

Net Position	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type	Activities	Total
	2023	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Current and other assets	1,411,746	1,513,455	667,040	1,061,655	2,078,786
Capital assets	2,238,769	2,314,380	1,249,842	875,696	3,488,611
Total assets	3,650,515	3,827,835	1,916,882	1,937,351	5,567,397
Deferred Outflows of Resources	35,694	57,907	23,796	23,788	59,490
Long-term liabilities outstanding	2,122,424	2,360,864	402,776	264,217	2,525,200
Other liabilities	214,156	275,288	34,115	50,603	248,271
Total liabilities	2,336,580	2,636,152	436,891	314,820	2,773,471
Deferred Inflows of Resources	39,675	2,500	26,451	1,667	66,126
Restricted	164,854	213,624			164,854
Net investment in capital assets	737,575	572,760	945,842	709,696	1,683,417
Net position-Unrestricted	592,834	460,706	1,046,908	949,772	1,639,742
	1,495,263	1,247,090	1,992,750	1,659,468	3,488,013

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances for governmental and business type activities for the city as a whole.

Table 2

Changes in Net position	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for services	294,735	296,176	595,486	485,321	890,221
Operating Grants and contributions	107,817	159,957	-	35	107,817
Capital grants and contributions	30,521	93,901	176,100	-	30,521
General Revenues					
Property taxes	627,793	571,312			627,793
Special Assessments(Forfeited)	(304)	558	610	1,107	306
Intergovernmental Revenue	244,249	242,547	-	-	244,249
Installment Proceeds	-	12,000	-	-	-
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Asset	(4,099)	26,782	-	23,688	(4,099)
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	9,693	1,719	3,204	463	12,897
Miscellaneous	5,486	65,115	11,321	5,152	16,807
Total Revenues	1,315,891	1,470,067	786,721	515,766	2,102,612
Expenses					
General Administrative	159,322	120,370			159,322
Public Safety	286,073	292,313			286,073
Public Works	194,504	190,470			194,504
Culture & Recreation	93,003	93,764			93,003
Housing & Economic Development	118,894	149,042			118,894
Miscellaneous	165,403	251,203			165,403
Interest on Long-Term Debt	50,521	59,469			50,521
Liquor			150,848	136,331	150,848
Water			149,188	120,898	149,188
Sewer			90,723	92,976	90,723
Garbage			62,672	56,471	62,672
Total expenses	1,067,720	1,156,631	453,431	406,676	1,521,151
Transfers	2	-	(2)	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in net position	248,173	313,435	333,288	109,091	581,461
Net position, January 1	1,247,090	933,655	1,659,462	1,550,371	2,906,552
Net position, December 31	1,495,263	1,247,090	1,992,750	1,659,462	3,488,013

#### **Governmental Activities**

In 2023 and 2022 revenue for the City's governmental activities decreased by 10 percent and increased by 21 percent, while total expenses decreased by 8 percent in 2023 and increased by 20 percent in 2022. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to grant revenues. The decrease in expense was mainly due to less capital outlay.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's programs- general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, housing rehabilitation, and miscellaneous programs. Activities were generally comparable to the prior year as operations remained consistent with the prior year but had less care center expenses and less EDA expenses.

Table 3

	Total Cost of S	Services
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
General Administrative	159,322	120,370
Public Safety	286,073	292,313
Public Works	194,504	190,470
Culture & Recreation Housing & Economic	93,003	93,764
Development	118,894	149,042
Miscellaneous	165,403	251,203
Interest on Long-Term Debt	50,521	59,469
Total	1,067,720	1,156,631

### **Business-Type Activities**

2023 and 2022 revenues of the City's business-type activities (see table 2) increased by 52 percent and 7 percent in 2022. Revenue increased due to capital grants and utility rate increases. Expenses increased 11 percent in 2023 and increased 2 percent in 2022 due to more cost of services and water tower project

#### THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed 2023 and 2022, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$874,690 and \$781,434. The increase is due to more revenues than expected and less expenses.

The City maintains four major governmental funds, General, Fire, EDA, and Debt Service.

The General Fund balance increased \$57,729 to \$280,452. The increase was mainly due to more revenues and less expenses than budgeted.

The Fire Fund balance increased \$5,856 to \$156,716. The increase was mainly due to transfer from general fund.

The EDA Fund balance decreased \$2,121 to (\$25,887). The decrease is mainly due to the capital expenditures for Lakeview Senior Housing and lot buy back.

Debt Service Fund balance decreased \$3,936 to \$258,134. The decrease is mainly due to less property tax revenues.

The non-major governmental funds include the Ambulance and SCDG funds increased by \$35,725 to \$205,275. This increase was mainly due the new DEED Small cities grant and the ambulance receiving Public Safety funds that have not been spent yet.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The City council did not amend its original budget during the current year. General Fund revenues were \$61,348 higher than budget for 2023. Expenditures were \$7,908 lower than budget for 2023. Revenues are higher due to insurance proceeds and donations. Expenses are lower due to care center expenses decreasing because of sale in 2024.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

In 2023, the City had \$8,258,645 invested in a broad range of capital assets and \$7,704,449 in 2022 resulting in a 8 percent increase.

### Capital Assets at Year End

	Governmental	Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	<u>2023</u>	2022	2023	<u>2022</u>
Land	773,538	758,538	2,000	2,000
Construction in Progress	-	-	8,435	5,714
Buildings & Improvements	273,074	273,074	1,810,194	1,397,382
Machinery & Equipment	3,973,864	3,879,542	1,417,540	_1,388,200
Totals	5,020,476	4,911,154	3,238,169	2,793,296

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 3.

#### **Debt**

As shown in Table 5, the City has \$1,805,193 in debt for 2023 for a decrease of 6 percent versus \$1,907,621.

#### Debt at Year End

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities
Notes/Less	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Notes/Lease Payable	151,823	230,245	-	_
GO Bonds	_1,349,370	_1,511,376	304,000	166,000
Totals	1,501,193	1,741,621	304,000	166,000

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024 budget, tax rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The Council expects operations to remain consistent with 2023.

### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, individual financial statements, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk, City of Balaton, 134 3rd Street, Balaton, MN 56115.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements
Fund Financial Statements:
Governmental Funds
Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

### City of Balaton Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Pr	imary Governmen	t	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,280,832	\$ 631,158	\$ 1,911,990	
Accounts Receivable	71,741	4,321	76,062	
Taxes Receivable	40,000		40,000	
Special Assessments Receivable	527	1,580	2,107	
Notes Receivable- Current Portion	2,004		2,004	
Inventory		28,523	28,523	
Prepaids		1,458	1,458	
Due from Other Governments	14,185	-	14,185	
Total Current Assets	1,409,289	667,040	2,076,329	
Noncurrent Assets				
Notes Receivable	2,457		2,457	
Non-Depreciable	773,538	10,435	783,973	
Depreciable, net	1,465,231	1,239,407	2,704,638	
Internal Balances*	185,309	515,414		
Total Assets	3,835,824	2,432,296	5,567,397	increase from 2002;
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-		4	The court of the control of the cont
Deferred Pension Resources	35,694	23,796	59,490	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	35,694	23,796	59,490	
LIABILITIES		· · · · · ·		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	2,842	9,332	12,174	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,126	3,522	6,648	
Current Portion Lease Payable	22,871		22,871	
Unearned Revenue		333	333	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	168,562	19,000	187,562	
Accrued Interest Payable	12,755	1,928	14,683	
Current Conditional Contract Agreement	4,000	-,	4,000	
Internal Balances*				
Total Current Liabilities	214,156	34,115	248,271	
Noncurrent Liabilities	21 1,100	5 1,115	2.0,2.1	
Non-Current Portion Long-Term Debt	124,952	00 Sta	124,952	
Non-Current Portion Lease Payable	1,180,809	285,000	,	
Net Pension Liability	127,496	84,997	212,493	
Compensated Absences	6,799	14,424	21,223	
Internal Balances*	682,368	18,355		
Total Liabilities	2,336,580	436,891	2 072 748	of cusase from soss !!
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,330,380	430,671	2,072,740	ITTK
Deferred Pension Resources	20.675	26.451	66,126	• • • •
	39,675 39,675	26,451 26,451	66,126	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	39,073	20,431	00,120	•
NET POSITION	777 575	046 943	1 602 417	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	737,575	945,842	1,683,417	
Restricted	164,854	1.046.000	164,854	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,495,263	1,046,908 \$ 1,992,750	1,639,742 \$ 3,488,013	increased from 20 38
Total Net Position	\$ 1,495,263	\$ 1,992,750	3 3,400,013	CHECKOND LYCHES
				58 IK

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts have been eliminated in total column

Governmental Funds December 31, 2023 City of Balaton Balance Sheet

		Spe	Special Revenue	nue	Debt Service	2			
							Non Major Governmental	త్	Total Governmental
ASSETS	General	Fire	1	EDA	Debt Service	ا او	Funds		Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 833.643	\$ 148.704	\$07	99 921	\$ 70.418	6 <del>5</del>	128 146	ø	1 280 833
Accounts Receivable							63.141		71 741
Taxes Receivable	30,282		ı	1	9,718	00			40.000
Special Assessments Receivable	527		1	1		· 1	!		507
Notes Receivable- Current Portion	ı		ı	1	·		2,004		2 004
Due from Other Governments	I		1	;		;	14.185		14 185
Notes Receivable	I		ı	I		ı	2.457		2,457
Advances to other Funds	1		1	1	185,309	<b>©</b>			185.309
Total Assets	864,452	157,304	§	99,921	265,445	نه ا 	209.933		1 597 055
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						,			0000000
Aggregated deferred outflows	ı		ı	1	·	,	ı		l
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 864,452	\$ 157,304	\$04	99.921	\$ 265,445	65   40	209.933	4	1,597,055
LIABILITIES	ı	ı	2		ı	2			COST / CST
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,057	69	\$88	1	€9	69	197	69	2.842
Accrued Wages and Benefits	3,126		1	1	•		·	+	3.126
Due to Other Funds	556,560		1	125.808			ı		682 368
Total Liabilities	561.743	4	  85	125 808		l L	107		200,300
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		,	3	20,000			121		000,330
Uncarned Revenue Property Taxes	22,257				7,311				29.568
Unearned Revenue Notes Receivable			ı	ł			4.461		4 461
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	584,000	9	288	125.808	7311	  -	4 658		722 365
FUND BALANCE			1			1	1,000		122,303
Restricted	1	12,910	10	٠	258,134	4	12.910		283 954
Committed	18,891	10,367	29	0		1			29,258
Assigned		133,439	39	ŀ			192,365		325,804
Unassigned	261,561			(25,887)	Ū	0			235,674
Total Fund Balance	280,452	156,716	16	(25,887)	258,134		205.275		874.690
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 864,452	\$ 157,304	04   \$	99,921	\$ 265,445	69	209,933	6-9	1,597,055

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 City of Balaton

						ļ	Prim	Primary Government	
		Charges for		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	ntal	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	ľ	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	98	Activities	Total
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 159,322	\$ 1,800	\$ 0	961	· ·	\$ (156,561)	561) \$	I	\$ (156,561)
Public Safety	286,073	130,601	_	106,856	'	(48)	(48,716)	I	(48,716)
Public Works	194,504			:	•	(194,504)	504)	1	(194,504)
Culture and Recreation	93,003	72,400	0	;	30,521	6	9,918	1	9,918
Housing and Economic Development	118,894	89,934	4	:	!	(28,	(28,960)	1	(28,960)
Interest on Long Term Debt	50,521	•	:	1	1	(50,	(50,521)	1	(50,521)
Miscellaneous	48,822		:	:	ŀ	(48,	(48,822)	1	(48,822)
Care Center	116,581		-	1		(116,581)	581)		(116,581)
Total Governmental Activities	1,067,720	294,735	5	107.817	30,521	(659,322	322)	:	(659,322)
Business-type Activities:									
Water	149,188	221,073	3		176,100		•	247,985	247,985
Sewer	90,723	166,648	<b>∞</b>	1	1		1	75,925	75,925
Garbage	62,672	60,623	3	1	1		;	(2,049)	(2,049)
Liquor	150,848	147,142	2	1		0	-	(3,706)	(3,706)
Total Business-type Activities	453,431	595,486	9		176,100		ı	318,155	318,155
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,521,151	\$ 890,221	1	82,181	\$ 207,582	\$ (659,322)	322) \$	318,155	\$ (341,167)

General Purpose Revenues and Transfers:				
Revenues				
Property Taxes		627,793		1
Special Assessments(Forfeited)		(304)		610
Intergovernmental Revenues		244,249		1
Refunds and Reimbursements		4,410		6,620
Interest Revenue		9,693		3,204
Miscellaneous		26		4,701
Donations		1,050		1
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of asset		(4,099)		;
Transfers		2		(2)
Total General Revenues and Transfers		879,820		15,133
Change in Net Position		248,173		333,288
Net Position at Beginning of Period		1,247,090		1,659,462
Net Position at End of Period	69	1,495,263	69	1,992,750

306 244,249 11,030 12,897 4,727 1,050 (4,099)

3,488,013

894,953

# City of Balaton Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	874,690
Accrued interest payable is accrued on Statement of Net Position and expensed on the Statement of Activities. Interest is expensed on a cash basis on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.	•	(12,755)
Compensated absences expensed as paid in governmental fund statements, expensed as incurred in entity wide statements, and reflected as liability on Statement of Net Position.		(6,799)
Receivables to be collected, but not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows.		34,029
Fixed assets are capitalized in the Statement of Net Position and depreciated in the Statement of Activities. These are expensed when acquired in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.		2,238,769
Long- term debt reflected on Statement of Net Position not in governmental funds balance sheet.		(1,501,191)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period from current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(127,496)
Pension related deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period from current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in funds.		(39,675)
Pension related deferred outflows are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	_	35,694
Total Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$	1,495,263

### City of Balaton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			_	Special 1	Reve	nue	Debt Service																																																	
	G	General		Fire		EDA	Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Servic		Debt Service		Debt Service			on Major vernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues																																																								
Property Taxes	\$	478,766	\$		\$		\$	140,162	\$		\$	618,928																																												
Special Assessments (forfeited)		(304)										(304)																																												
License and Permits		1,800		_								1,800																																												
Intergovernmental Revenues		244,249										244,249																																												
Other Grants		961										961																																												
Fines and Forfeits		275										275																																												
Refunds and Reimbursements		40,185		3,626		459				325		44,595																																												
Charges for Services		28,987		46,849		89,934	9,934			70,842		236,612																																												
Interest Revenue		6,495				550				2,648		9,693																																												
Miscellaneous		2,959		22						4,230		7,211																																												
Donations		30,521		49,100		1,000				50		80,671																																												
Federal Grants									24,675			24,675																																												
State Grants and Aids				33,081						12,910		45,991																																												
Total Revenues		834,894		132,678		91,943		140,162		115,680		1,315,357																																												
Expenditures																																																								
General Government		147,328										147,328																																												
Public Safety		75,182		67,773						63,086		206,041																																												
Public Works		156,154										156,154																																												
Culture and Recreation		71,405				45,158				-		116,563																																												
Housing and Economic Development		bure								29,069		29,069																																												
Care Center		116,581										116,581																																												
Miscellaneous		23,623				-		2,930				26,553																																												
Interest on Long Term Debt		1,567		6,191		19,895		23,168				50,821																																												
Principal Payments		56,238		22,145		44,005		118,000				240,388																																												
Capital Outlay	.,	47,279		60,713		25,006						132,998																																												
Total Expenditures		695,357		156,822		134,064		144,098		92,155		1,222,496																																												
Excess of Revenues Over																																																								
(Under) Expenditures		139,537		(24,144)		(42,121)		(3,936)		23,525		92,861																																												
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	/					79																																																		
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of asset		390										390																																												
Transfers from other funds		2		30,000		40,000				12,200		82,202																																												
Transfers to other funds		(82,200)										(82,200)																																												
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(81,808)		30,000		40,000			2	12,200		392																																												
Net Change in Fund Balance		57,729	-	5,856		(2,121)		(3,936)		35,725		93,253																																												
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		222,723	C1.	150,860		(23,766)		262,070		169,550		781,437																																												
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	280,452	\$	156,716	\$	(25,887)	\$	258,134	\$	205,275	\$	874,690																																												

### City of Balaton

### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	93,253
Accrued leave is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued leave is not reported as an expenditure in the government funds.	n	(5,462)
Fixed assets expensed as capital outlay in governmental fund statements, capitalized as fixed assets in Statement of Net Position.		132,998
Principal payments on long-term expensed in governmental fund statements, treated as reductions of outstanding debt in Entity wide statements.		240,388
Revenues that will not be collected for several months after the City's year end are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds, and are instead considered deferred inflows.		4,636
Depreciation expense reflected in entity wide statements, not reflected in governmental fund statements.		(204,090)
Accrued interest expense included in Statement of Activities, expensed as paid in governmental fund statements.		2,000
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. Sales, trade-ins, and contributions) is to increase net position.		(4,489)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an element of pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as expenditures.		(11,056)
Changes in Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$	248,173

### City of Balaton Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023

Business-type	Activities -	Enterprise	Funds
---------------	--------------	------------	-------

		Water	Sewer		Liquor		Non Major Garbage		Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	74,035	\$ 410,526	\$	103,682	\$	42,915	\$	631,158	
Accounts Receivable		1,803	1,523				995		4,321	
Special Assessments Receivable		682	614				284		1,580	
Inventory		<b>6</b> 0 №			28,523				28,523	
Prepaids					1,458		***		1,458	
Total Current Assets		76,520	412,663		133,663		44,194		667,040	
Noncurrent Assets										
Non-Depreciable		4,057	4,378		2,000				10,435	
Depreciable, net		777,070	440,747		21,590				1,239,407	
Advances to other Funds	12		515,414						515,414	
Total Assets		857,647	1,373,202		157,253		44,194		2,432,296	
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>										
Deferred Pension Resources		4,760	4,202		13,645		1,189		23,796	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,760	4,202		13,645		1,189		23,796	
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts Payable		306	1		4,046		4,979		9,332	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		684	241		2,454		143		3,522	
Unearned Revenue		333							333	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		19,000	***						19,000	
Accrued Interest Payable		1,928							1,928	
Total Current Liabilities		22,251	242		6,500		5,122		34,115	
Noncurrent Liabilities							,		ŕ	
Non-Current Portion Lease Payable		285,000							285,000	
Net Pension Liability		16,999	14,875		48,873		4,250		84,997	
Compensated Absences		1,911	1,506		10,855		152		14,424	
Due to Other Funds		18,355							18,355	
Total Liabilities		344,516	16,623		66,228		9,524		436,891	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Pension Resources		5,290	4,629		15,209		1,323		26,451	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,290	4,629	_	15,209		1,323	_	26,451	
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		477,127	445,125		23,590		_		945,842	
Unrestricted		35,474	911,027		65,871		34,536		1,277,452	
Total Net Position	\$	512,601	\$ 1,356,152	\$	89,461	\$	34,536	\$	1,992,750	

# City of Balaton Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer		Sewer Liquor		Ion Major Garbage	I	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues							_		_	1 44145
Charges for Services	\$	221,073	5	\$ 166,648	\$	452,529	\$	60,623	\$	900,873
Cost of Sales						(266,344)			•	(266,344)
Sales Tax						(39,043)				(39,043)
Total Operating Revenues		221,073		166,648		147,142		60,623	_	595,486
Operating Expenses										
Salaries		33,818		27,730		88,203		10,038		159,789
Payroll Taxes & Benefits		6,681		5,096		20,450		1,743		33,970
Utilities and Telephone		23,465		10,081		16,499				50,045
Insurance		6,539		5,541		16,135				28,215
Materials and Supplies		8,833		2,893				2,037		13,763
Repairs and Maintenance		12,662		6,217		644				19,523
Testing		216		1,387						1,603
Legal and Professional		1,935		1,935		3,005		48,771		55,646
Advertising						437				437
Laundry and Rug Rental						680				680
License						645				645
Miscellaneous		6,081		1,603		467		- 6		8,157
Depreciation		38,728		28,240		3,683		77		70,728
Total Operating Expenses		138,958	-	90,723		150,848		62,672		443,201
Operating Income (Loss)		82,115		75,925		(3,706)		(2,049)	_	152,285
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)										, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Special Assessments		206		215				189		610
Refunds and Reimbursements				~=		6,620				6,620
Interest Revenue				2,999		205				3,204
Miscellaneous						4,701				4,701
Donations		15,000								15,000
Federal Grants		143,600								143,600
State Grants and Aids		17,500						******		17,500
Interest		(4,680)								(4,680)
Bond Issue Cost		(5,550)								(5,550)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		166,076		3,214		11,526	_	189		181,005
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		248,191		79,139		7,820		(1,860)		333,290
Transfers to other funds						(2)				(2)
Change In Net Position		248,191	-	79,139		7,818		(1,860)		333,288
Net Position at Beginning of Period		264,410		1,277,013		81,643		36,396		1,659,462
Net Position at End of Period	\$	512,601	\$		\$	89,461	\$	34,536	\$	1,992,750

### City of Balaton Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Water	Sewer	Liquor Fund	Non-Major Garbage	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees	\$ 220,611 (60,665) (36,633)	\$ 166,320 (30,646) (30,026)	\$ 452,529 (358,952) (78,595)	\$ 60,449 (57,845) 584	\$ 899,909 (508,108) (144,670)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	123,313	105,648	14,982_	3,188	247,131
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers Out to general fund Miscellaneous	-	-	(2) 11,319	-	(2) 11,319
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities			11,317		11,317
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Bond Cost	(5,550)				(5,550)
Bond Proceeds	157,000				157,000
Grant Proceeds	161,100				161,100
Donations	15,000				15,000
Interest Paid	(4,680)	-	-	-	(4,680)
Bond Payments Purchase of Property and Equipment	(19,000) (442,155)	(2,723)	-		(19,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(138,285)	(2,723)		<del>-</del>	(141,008)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Received		2,999	205		3,204
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-	2,999	205		3,204
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(14,972)	105,924	26,504	3,188	120,644
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	89,007	304,602	77,178	39,727	510,514
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 74,035	\$ 410,526	\$ 103,682	\$ 42,915	\$ 631,158
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO N Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Change in Pension Asset\Liability	TET CASH FLO \$ 82,115 38,728 1,474	W PROVIDED (U \$ 75,925 28,240 1,291	JSED) BY OPER \$ (3,706) 3,683 4,239	2,049) \$ (2,049) 77 368	TTIES \$ 152,285 70,728 7,372
Special Assessments	206	215	-	189	610
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable Special Assessments Receivable Inventory	(670) - (934)	(543) - -	1,820 - (399)	(363) - -	244 - (1,333)
Prepaid Expenses	2,392	(989)	- 3,976	- 4,750	2,392 7,737
Accounts Payable Accrued Leave	_	1,509	5,369	4,730 216	7,737 7,094
Unearned Revenue	2				2
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 123,313	\$ 105,648	\$ 14,982	\$ 3,188	\$ 247,131

# City of Balaton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		Variance Over (Under) Final to Actual
Revenues					_		-	
General Property Taxes	\$	473,800	\$	473,800	\$	479,450	\$	5,650
License and Permits		1,575		1,575		1,800		225
Local Government Aid		243,261		243,261		243,261		
State Aid						961		961
Fines & Forfeits		500		500		275		(225)
Interest Income		2,000		2,000		6,495		4,495
Care Center and Community Center Rent		42,800		42,800		27,640		(15,160)
Miscellaneous		6,000		6,000		2,959		(3,041)
Refunds and Reimbursements		2,000		2,000		40,185		38,185
Camping Fees		2,000		2,000		1,347		(653)
Donations		·				30,521		30,521
Sale of Equipment						390		390
Total Revenues		773,936		773,936		835,284		61,348
Other Financing Sources		,		,		,		01,510
Transfers from other funds						2		2
Total Revenues and Other	-						_	
Financing Sources		773,936		773,936		835,286		61,350
Expenditures		•		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Mayor and Council								
Salaries and Wages		13,400		13,400		14,451		(1,051)
Payroll Taxes and Benefits		1,353		1,353		1,693		(340)
Printing and Publishing		2,000		2,000		5,385		(3,385)
Dues and Publications		1,530		1,530		2,566		(1,036)
Supplies		3,075		3,075		2,194		881
Training		1,065		1,065				1,065
Insurance		300		300		114		186
Clerk								
Salaries and Wages		82,889		82,889		70,395		12,494
Payroll Taxes and Benefits		7,367		7,367		7,214		153
Supplies		1,500		1,500		4,103		(2,603)
Dues and Publications		500		500		562		(62)
Training		500		500		1,347		(847)
Insurance		800		800		805		(5)
Telephone		1,500		1,500		1,822		(322)
Repairs and Maintenance		200		200		29		171
Election								
Election Expenses						1,086		(1,086)

### City of Balaton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		,,		Variance Over
	Budgeted A		(Under)	
	Original	-		Final to Actual
City Hall			Actual	
Assessor Fees	5,532	5,532	5,544	(12)
Legal and Accounting	19,000	19,000	19,970	(970)
Salaries and Wages			557	(557)
Payroll Taxes and Benefits		bus dra	16	(16)
Insurance	1,000	1,000	1,262	(262)
Supplies and Materials	1,500	1,500	1,386	114
Repairs and Maintenance	200	200	100	100
Utilities	2,050	2,050	1,789	261
Interest Expense	3,089	3,089	1,567	1,522
Debt Payment	50,717	50,717	52,238	(1,521)
Tax Abatement	14,082	14,082	11,290	2,792
Zoning				
Salaries and Wages	994	994	156	838
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	150	150	22	128
Miscellaneous	100	100	600	(500)
Bus garage	1,270	1,270	927	343
Police				
Police Services	75,182	75,182	75,182	
Civil Defense				
Capital Outlay	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Streets				
Salaries and Wages	29,610	29,610	25,463	4,147
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	3,873	3,873	3,210	663
Supplies and Materials	5,500	5,500	4,500	1,000
Shop Repairs and Maintenance	55,000	55,000	50,290	4,710
Insurance	7,780	7,780	7,997	(217)
Shop Utilities and Telephone	775	775	891	(116)
Street Lighting	19,000	19,000	19,287	(287)
Other Expenditures	240	240	250	(10)
Capital Outlay	5,450	5,450		5,450
Snow				
Salaries and Wages	30,434	30,434	21,299	9,135
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	3,999	3,999	2,781	1,218
Professional Services	980	980	910	70
Supplies and Materials	6,000	6,000	6,248	(248)

# City of Balaton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		·		Variance Over
	Budgeted A			(Under)
	_Original_	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Final to Actual
Snow Continued				
Repairs and Maintenance	7,000	7,000	1,414	5,586
Insurance	2,500	2,500	1,967	533
Utilities and Telephone	245	245	84	161
Other Expenses	598	598		598
Capital Outlay	9,000	9,000		9,000
Principal payments			4,000	(4,000)
Storm Sewer			-1,000	(4,000)
Salaries and Wages	4,893	4,893	3,846	1,047
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	741	741	563	178
Storm Sewer Supplies	640	640	477	163
Repairs and Maintenance	4,500	4,500	4,677	(177)
Other Expenditures	200	200		200
Capital Outlay	1,000	1,000		1,000
Culture and Recreation	-,	1,000		1,000
Parks				
Salaries and Wages	28,056	28,056	22,581	5,475
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	3,631	3,631	2,864	767
Supplies and Repairs	5,200	5,200	11,540	(6,340)
Insurance	8,000	8,000	7,762	238
Utilities and Telephone	3,225	3,225	3,122	103
Repairs and Maintenance	9,000	9,000	5,935	3,065
Miscellaneous	195	195	70	125
Capital Outlay	9,000	9,000	22,286	(13,286)
Supplies and Materials	300	300	458	(15,280)
Telephone	550	550	867	(317)
Insurance	400	400	647	(247)
Utilities	874	874	895	(21)
Repairs and Maintenance	95	95		95

### City of Balaton Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual

# General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

,	•	Variance
		_

							Over
		Budgeted	d Am	ounts			(Under)
	_	Original		Final	::-	Actual	Final to Actual
Community Center							
Salaries and Wages		800		800		1,207	(407)
Payroll Taxes and Benefits		63		63		92	(29)
Supplies and Materials		2,500		2,500		2,166	334
Printing and Publishing		1,200		1,200		464	736
Insurance		1,460		1,460		2,431	(971)
Utilities		6,800		6,800		6,346	454
Repairs and Maintenance		1,500		1,500		90	1,410
Other Expeditures		1,175		1,175		1,757	(582)
Capital Outlay		10,000		10,000		17,830	(7,830)
Other Expenditures		200		200		88	112
Care Center							
Salaries and Wages		21,600		21,600		19,000	2,600
Payroll Taxes and Benefits		7,545		7,545		5,790	1,755
Telephone & Utilities		19,315		19,315		25,162	(5,847)
Repairs and Maintenance		10,570		10,570		21,299	(10,729)
Fuel		21,000		21,000		28,427	(7,427)
Professional Fees		2,500		2,500		1,831	669
Supplies & Materials		2,477		2,477		2,640	163
Insurance		11,600		11,600		15,300	(3,700)
Legal & Professional		17,630	_	17,630		15,884	1,746
Total Expenditures		703,265		703,265		695,357	7,908
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers to other funds		25,000		25,000		82,200	 (57,200)
Total Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses	_	728,265		728,265	_	777,557	 (49,292)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and							
Other Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Uses		45,671		45,671	_	57,729	 13,314
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,671		45,671		57,729	13,314
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		222,723		222,723	_	222,723	 
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	268,394	\$	268,394	\$	280,452	\$ 13,314

### City of Balaton

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual EDA

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted	l A	mounts				Variance Over (Under)
		Original		Final		Actual		Actual
Revenues			_		(•		-	
Interest Income	\$	200	( L	200	\$	550	9	350
Refunds and Reimbursements						1,459		1,459
Rental Income		78,200		78,200		89,934		11,734
Total Revenues	).———	78,400		78,400	_	91,943		13,543
Other Financing Sources				,		,		,
Transfers from other funds		25,000		25,000		40,000		15,000
Total Revenues and Other					_			
Financing Sources	_	103,400	_	103,400	_	131,943		28,543
Expenditures								
Capital Outlay		2.000		2.000		05.006		(0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.
Printing and Publishing		2,900		2,900		25,006		(22,106)
Contract Labor		2,000		2,000		245		1,755
Maintenance		7,200		7,200		7,200		
Legal & Professional		9,200		9,200				9,200
Insurance		7,800		7,800		8,759		(959)
Miscellaneous						10,162		(10,162)
		2,400		2,400		18,792		(16,392)
Grant Expense		3,000		3,000				3,000
Interest Expense		19,903		19,903		19,895		8
Debt Payment	_	43,997	_	43,997	_	44,005		(8)
Total Expenditures		98,400		98,400		134,064		(35,664)
Other Financing Uses								
Total Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses	_	98,400	_	98,400		134,064		(35,664)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Uses		5,000		5,000		(2,121)		(7,121)
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,000		5,000		(2,121)		(7,121)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period  Fund Balance at End of Period	0	(23,766)	_	$\frac{(23,766)}{(10,766)}$	Φ.	(23,766)		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	(18,766)	1	(18,766)	\$	(25,887) \$		(7,121)

The notes to the financials are an integral part of this statement.

### City of Balaton

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual

### Fire

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted		mounts				Variance Over (Under)
	_	)riginal	A	Final		Actual		Actual
Revenues	-	- I I Garage	-	2 12-14-1	-			
State Aid	\$		\$		\$	33,081	s	33,081
Donations	•		•		•	49,100	•	49,100
Contract and Run Fees		44,453		44,453		46,849		2,396
Refunds & Reimbursements						3,626		3,626
Miscellaneous						22		22
Total Revenues		44,453		44,453		132,678		88,225
Other Financing Sources		•		•		,		,
Transfers from other funds		30,000		30,000		30,000		
Total Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources		74,453		74,453		162,678		88,225
Expenditures								
Salaries and Wages		2,850		2,850		4,477		(1,627)
Payroll Taxes and Benefits		217		217		359		(142)
Radio Expenditures		3,000		3,000		1,449		1,551
Supplies and Materials		8,000		8,000		7,515		485
Fuel		3,000		3,000		2,668		332
Legal and Accounting		3,000		3,000		4,650		(1,650)
Insurance		7,800		7,800		8,454		(654)
Repairs and Maintenance		14,000		14,000		3,117		10,883
Utilities and Telephone		3,060		3,060		3,688		(628)
Training/Testing & Physicals		9,020		9,020		10,652		(1,632)
Fire Relief		2,000		2,000		20,172		(18,172)
Other Expenditures		1,565		1,565		572		993
Capital Outlay		14,000		14,000		60,713		(46,713)
Interest Expense		7,864		7,864		6,191		1,673
Debt Payment	_	20,472		20,472	_	22,145	_	1,673
Total Expenditures		99,848		99,848		156,822		(56,974)
Other Financing Uses							_	
Total Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses		99,848	_	99,848		156,822	_	(56,974)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and	d							
Other Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Uses	_	(25,395)	_	(25,395)	_	5,856	_	31,251
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,395)		(25,395)		5,856		31,251
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	$\overline{}$	150,860	_	150,860	_	150,860	_	
Fund Balance at End of Period	<u>\$</u>	125,465	\$	125,465	\$	156,716	\$	31,251

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has not chosen to do so.

The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Balaton, Minnesota (the City) was founded in 1879 by the Dakota Central Railroad and is a municipal corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Minnesota, and governed under a charter adopted. The City was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The City operates under an elected Mayor and four-member council form of government. The council has control over all activities related to the City of Balaton. The City provides the following services: sanitation, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

These financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its components units, the Balaton Economic Development Authority, Lakeview Senior Housing and Colonial Manor of Balaton. The City follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus* to define the reporting entity. The City includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the unit's board; the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

### **Blended Component Unit**

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity to comprise the primary government presentation. The City's blended component units consist of:

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### A. REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Economic Development Authority – The City created an Economic Development Authority (EDA) by resolution of its governing board. The EDA is governed by a five- member board appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the EDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its purpose is to approve the City's redevelopment plans. The EDA cannot issue bonded debt without the City's approval.

The activities of the EDA are reported as a major special revenue fund in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

### **Related Organizations**

A related organization is excluded from the financial reporting entity because of the City's agreements setup with the outside entities leasing the property.

Lakeview Senior Housing- The City created Lakeview Senior Housing by resolution of its governing board. Lakeview Senior Housing is now leased by MN Signature Care Services. Terms of the lease agreement can be reviewed at the City office. The Tenant shall pay the City of Balaton Economic Development Authority a monthly rent payment to cover the debt with First Independent Bank on the building and maintain an improvement balance for future improvements. The third party will operate the entity to its entirety.

### **Related Organization-Fire Relief Association**

A related organization is excluded from the financial reporting entity because the City's accountability does not extend beyond the Mayor, Clerk-Treasurer and Fire Chief being ex officio members of the board. The related organization is described as follows:

Balaton Fire Department Relief Association- The Association is organized as a nonprofit organization by its members to provide pension and other benefits to such members in accordance with Minnesota statutes. The Association's Board of Trustees consists of six members elected by the membership of the Association and three ex officio members, the Mayor, Clerk-Treasurer and Fire Chief. All funding is obtained in accordance with Minnesota statutes whereby state aids and tax levies, which are determined by the Association, flow through the City of the Association. The Association pays benefits directly to its members. The Balaton Fire Department does not use the PERA system for retirement.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BASIS FOR PRESENTATION

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds (of which, the City has none).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activity is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or identifiable activity as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or identifiable activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provided have been met.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues subject to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column on the fund financial statements.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The city maintains fire, ambulance, economic development, and small cities development (SCDG).

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's judgment.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

### **Proprietary Funds:**

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The City maintains water, sewer, garbage and liquor enterprise funds.

### Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Fund – An agency fund is used to account for assets held solely in custodial capacity. Accordingly, assets in agency funds are always matched by liabilities to the owners of the assets. The City has no agency funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The EDA Fund accounts for the activities of the City's EDA department.

The *Fire Fund* accounts for the activities of the City's Fire Department.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the activities of the city's debt service.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operations of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the City's sewer system.

The *Liquor Fund* accounts for the operations of the City's liquor store.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent they do not conflict or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expense from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

### **Deposits and Investments**

The City recognizes cash currency on hand and demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions as cash. It also includes other accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the customer may deposit or withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty such as certificates of deposits, which do not have penalties or terms with them that effectively restrict withdrawal of funds, money market accounts and repurchase agreements.

The City recognizes as cash equivalents short-term, highly liquid investments that (a) are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and (b) are so near to their maturity that they present an insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

### **Deposits and Investments (Continued)**

Cash and investments of the proprietary fund types are pooled with the City's pooled cash and investments. Investments are carried at fair value, based on quoted market price at the reporting date.

### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade (utility) and property tax receivables are shown at a gross amount, since both taxes and trade (utility) receivable are assessable to the property taxes and are collectible upon sale of the assessed property.

The City levies its property tax for the subsequent year during the month of October. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Revenues are accrued and recognized in the year collectible.

December 31 is the last day the City can certify a tax levy to the County Auditor for collection the following year. The County Auditor makes up the tax list for all taxable property in the City and applies the applicable tax rate to the tax capacity of individual properties to arrive at the actual tax for each property. The County Auditor also collects all special assessments, except for certain prepayments paid directly to the City. Assessments receivable consist of the portion of improvements made by the City and charged against the properties affected.

These assessments are payable with interest over a period of years. The County Auditor remits a list of taxes and special assessments to be collected on each parcel of property to the County Treasurer in January each year. The County Treasurer mails copies of all real estate and personal property tax statements.

Receivables related to economic development and small cities development are recognized as earned and are further discussed in Note 3.C.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Real property taxes may be paid in two equal installments. The first payment is due on May 15 for both non-agricultural and agricultural property and the second payment is due on October 15 for non-agricultural property and November 15 for agricultural property. Personal property taxes may be paid on May 15 and October 15. The County is the collection agent for the levy. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts three times a year in January, June, and December. Penalties and interest are assessed to property owners who do not pay their property taxes and special assessments by the due dates.

Portions of the tax levy paid by the state in the form of market value assistance are included in intergovernmental revenue. Only that portion collected directly from property owners is reflected in tax revenue. Delinquent property taxes are deferred and recognized when received or in the hands of the collection agency in the fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources". In the government-wide financial statements, under the accrual basis of accounting, they are recognized as revenues since they are earned. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

#### **Inventories**

Inventory is valued at lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method. The City maintains inventory at the liquor store. The cost of other consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements and the City has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase.

### **Prepaids**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets are deposits held for specifically required purposes and are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year. Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage, and similar items), and intangible assets (i.e., internally generated computer software) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

GASB No. 34 required that the City report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective fiscal year ending December 31, 2004. Infrastructure assets used in general government operations, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, acquired prior to December 31, 2003, were not required to be capitalized by the City. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither the historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The retroactive reporting of infrastructure is not required for cities of this size. City has elected not to record infrastructure values retroactively as allowed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by the fund's measurement focus. General capital assets are assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in a governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position.

Capital assets of the enterprise funds are capitalized in the funds.

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise fund financial statements, the cost of property sold or retired, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed and any resulting gain or loss is included in income.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Land	Not Depreciated
Infrastructure	15-65 Years
Buildings	10-50 Years
Improvements	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20 Years

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

The City of Balaton implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources(expense/expenditure) until then. The City currently recognizes deferred outflows relating to pensions for reporting in this category. The length of the expense recognition period for deferred amounts related is equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City of has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category; unearned property taxes and note receivables and deferred inflows relating to pensions. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amount is earned. Deferred amounts relating to pensions represent differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and are recognized over a five-year period.

As of December 31, 2023, the City has deferred outflows/inflows as follows:

	Deferred Outflow	Deferred Inflow
Amounts Relating		
To Pensions	\$ 59,490	\$ 66,126
Amounts Relating		
To Unearned Property Taxes	S	29,568
Amounts Relating		
To Unearned Notes Receiva	ble	4,461

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premium and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized as an outflow of resources and expensed in the period they are incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported separately and expensed in the period they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withhold from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Compensated Absences**

The City's policies regarding vacation and sick time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types. In the governmental funds of the fund financial statements, vacation and sick pay are recorded as expenditures and accrued as a current liability only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee's resignations and retirements.

All employees having earned permanent employment status are entitled to paid vacation as follows: earns 1 week after the first year, 2 weeks in years 2 through 4, 3 weeks in years 5 and over. Five days of vacation leave may be carried into a subsequent year, with all other accrued leave not taken during the year lost. Vacation pay is charged to operations when taken by employees of the City.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Every employee is entitled to 1-day sick leave per month of full-time service or major fraction thereof. Accumulated sick leave exceeding 120 days may be traded at the rate of four unused sick days for one vacation day.

All employees, upon completion of 10 years of service, will receive severance pay for unused accumulated sick leave to a maximum of 120 days/960 hours. This severance pay will be cashedout at a rate of 1/3 of the accumulated number of hours/days at the hourly rate being paid at the time of the resignation or retirement.

#### **Fund Balance Classifications**

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because it is not in spendable form, such as inventory; or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints
  established by creditors, grantors or contributors, bondholders, laws and regulations of
  other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling
  legislation.
- Committed fund balance Consists of amounts that are constrained for specific purpose that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes that specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance Consists of amounts intended to be used by the City for specific
  purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the
  General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body
  itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City has
  no assigned amounts.
- Unassigned fund balance Consists of amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund. It also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City Council has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance between the range of 35%-50% of budgeted operating expenditures for cash flow timing needs. At December 31, 2023, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 37% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures.

#### **Net Position Classifications**

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets—Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations
  imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or
  regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "Net investment in capital assets".

#### E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Amounts are allocated in accordance with employee wages; Governmental Funds- 60%, Proprietary Funds- 23% liquor, 2% garbage, 8% water and 7% sewer.

### G. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

### **Budgets**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted by Council resolution for the General Fund, Debt Service, Ambulance Fund, Fire and EDA Fund.

The City follows these legal compliance procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The department heads submit to the city clerk a budget of estimated expenditures for the ensuing year after which the City Clerk subsequently submits a budget of estimated expenditures and revenues to the City Council by August 15.
- 2. Upon receipt of the budget estimates, the Council holds a public hearing on the proposed budget. Information about the budget ordinance is then published in the official newspaper of the City.
- 3. At least ten days prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance. The City Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revision that alters the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted by the City Council. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. There were no amendments to the original appropriations. The City prepared and adopted a legal budget.
- 5. All budgeted appropriations lapse at the end of the year. The legal level of budgetary control is at the functional level.

All budget amounts presented reflect the original budget and the final budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year). The General Fund, EDA, Ambulance, Fire and Debt Service Fund utilized the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results.

#### H. ENCUMBRANCES

The City does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds had excess expenditures over appropriations for 2023.

EDA 35,664 Fire 56,974

### B. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

The EDA fund has a deficit fund balance of \$25,887 as of December 31, 2023.

### C. DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

### **General Obligation Debt**

Minnesota Statutes §475.53, subd. 3 limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the municipality. The City complies with such laws.

### D. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

At December 31, 2023, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General	Major	Major	Major	Non Major	Non Major	Total Govt
	Fund	Fire	EDA	Debt Service	Ambulance	SCDG	Funds
Committed	18,891	10,367					29,258
Restricted For:							
Capital Outlay		12,910			12,910		25,820
Debt Service				258,134			258,134
Assigned		133,439			170,386	21,979	325,804
Unassigned	261,561		(25,887)				235,674
Total Fund Balance	280,452	156,716	(25,887)	258,134	170,386	21,979	874,690

#### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a pooled cash and investment portfolio that is used by substantially all City funds using the pooled deposit and investment concept. This concept provides the City with the ability to maximize earnings on idle monies while ensuring the liquidity needs of each fund are met and the integrity of the cash balances of each fund are preserved. This pool is governed by an investment policy established by the City Council.

Investment income derived from the pooled funds is allocated to respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

### **Deposits**

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the City Council, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statutes require that all City deposits be insured, protected by surety bond or collateralized, and the market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes all treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. governmental agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes also require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The City does not have any deposit policies that would further limit deposit choices.

According to Minnesota Statutes, the aggregate of a municipality's savings accounts, NOW accounts, and time deposits (CD's) with the same depository are insured up to a total of \$250,000. The aggregate of a municipality's non-interest-bearing checking accounts are insured up to a total of \$250,000 and are insured separately from the municipality's other deposits. This separate \$250,000 coverage from checking accounts only applies if the depository is in the same state as the municipality.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits in financial institutions, reported as components of cash and cash equivalents, had a bank balance of \$2,001,075 at December 31, 2023, that was fully insured by depository insurance or secured with collateral held by the City's agent in its name. The carrying amount of these deposits at December 31, 2023 was \$1,911,990.

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### **Investment Policy**

The City has an adopted investment policy, conforming to all applicable laws of the State of Minnesota, which serves as the guide to deposit and investment of operating funds which are managed within the City's pooled cash and investment portfolio. This policy sets for the City's investment objectives as well as authorized and suitable deposits and investments, and serves as a guide to proper diversification, maturity constraints, internal controls, and performance measurement. The foremost objective of the City's investment program as set forth by the investment policy is preservation of capital and protection of investment principal. Investment decisions are made under the assumption that except under limited circumstances, all investments within the pooled cash portfolio will be held to maturity.

Separate investment policies or agreements may exist to address proceeds from certain bond issues or debt service funds in accordance with arbitrage rebate requirements.

The City is authorized by Minnesota Statutes to invest idle funds as follows:

- a.) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- b.) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above.
- c.) General obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities.
- d.) Bankers acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System
- e.) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less
- f.) Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers
- g.) Money market funds with institutions that have portfolios consisting exclusively of United States Treasury obligations and Federal Agency issues.
- h.) Guaranteed investment contract (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by United States Commercial Banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United State insurance company and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories.

The City does not have any investment policies that would further limit investment choices.

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Under the City's investment policy, the City is required to mitigate its exposure to interest rate risk as follows:

- Purchasing a combination of shorter- and longer-term investments.
- Timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needs for operation.
- Monitoring the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio.
- Unless matched to a specific cash flow requirement, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five (5) years from the date of purchase.
- The average weighted maturity of the portfolio should not exceed three (3) years.
- Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding five (5) years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with expected use of funds.

The following table represents the City's cash balances as of December 31, 2023:

Credit	Average	<u>% of</u>	
<b>Rating</b>	<b>Maturities</b>	<u>Total</u>	Fair Value
N/A	N/A	79%	\$1,511,644
N/A	N/A	21%	400,346
		100%	<b>\$1,911,990</b>
	Rating N/A	Rating Maturities  N/A N/A	Rating Maturities Total  N/A N/A 79%  N/A N/A 21%

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment policy of the City limits their investment options to those authorized by the State of Minnesota as described above.

### Concentrations of Credit Risk

The risk of loss to the magnitude of the City's investments in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of December 31, 2023, the City of Balaton has no investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2023, all investments were insured or registered or the securities were held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

#### **B. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consists of utilities receivable. No allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary at year end. The balance as of December 31, 2023 is \$4,321.

Accounts receivable of the governmental activities consists of mainly ambulance and fire billings. The balance as of December 31, 2023 is \$71,741. Delinquent taxes have been offset by deferred inflows of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year-end in the governmental fund financial statements. The deferred inflow amount on the governmental balance sheet as of December 31, 2023 is \$29,568. Taxes receivable as of December 31, 2023 is \$40,000 and Special Assessments is \$527.

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### C. NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Small Cities Development Fund was established to provide low interest loans to assist homeowners and businesses with rehabilitation. Grants from the State of Minnesota were received to assist low-income homeowners. The grant funds were actually disbursed by an outside agency with the payments also being made to the outside agency. The City will use these funds for additional loans in the future. The loans have been collateralized and call for periodic payments of principal and interest. In the fund financial statements, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the loans have been completely offset by deferred inflows of resources. Therefore, no revenues will be recognized until the payments are actually received. In the government-wide financial statements, under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are earned and therefore, recognized. Interest rates on these loans are 2%. Payment terms are monthly payments between \$93 and \$195.

Payments due in 2024 is scheduled at \$2,004.

The following is a summary of notes receivable transactions for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance	Amount	Payments	Amount Written	Balance
	1/1/2023	Advanced	Received	Off	12/31/2023
Small Cities Development Loans	<u>8,691</u>	<u>0</u>	4,230	<u>0</u>	<u>4,461</u>
Totals	<u>8,691</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,230</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,461</u>

#### D. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments in the governmental activities usually consist of grant revenues that have been spent and submitted for reimbursement but have not been received as of December 31, 2023. Included in this is a State of MN DEED grant proceeds for \$14,185 for expenses related to the Small Cities grant.

## NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### E. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	Balance 12/31/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2023
Land	<u>758,538</u>	15,000	<u>0</u>	773,538
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>758,538</u>	15,000	0	773,538
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				<del></del>
Infrastructure	273,074			273,074
Buildings & Equipment	3.879.542	117,998	23,676	3,973,864
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4.152.615	117,998	23,676	4,246,938
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:		_		
Infrastructure	(341,419)	(23,858)	0	(365,277)
Buildings & Equipment	(2,255,355)	(180,232)	(19,158)	(2,416,429)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,596,774)	(204,090)	(19,158)	(2,781,706)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1.555.841			1.465,231
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	2,314,379			2,238,769
				<del></del>
	Balance			Balance
Business-Type Activities:	12/31/2022	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	12/31/2023
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	2,000	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	2,000
Construction in Progress	5,714	<u>2,721</u>	<u>0</u>	8,43 <u>5</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	7,714		<u>0</u>	10,435
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:			<u>v</u>	10,455
Buildings and Improvements	1,981,174	412,814	0	2,393,988
Equipment	804,407	29,340	ŭ	833,747
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	2,785,581	442,154	0	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,917,599)	$\frac{442,134}{(70,729)}$	<u>0</u>	3,227,735
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	867,982	(10,129)		(1,988,328)
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	<u>875,696</u>			1,239,407
Type Transity Cupital Proposts, 1961	0/3,090			1,249,842

### **NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)**

### **E. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:  General Government	\$ 1,225
Public Safety	80,032
Public Works	34,811
Culture & Recreation	19,497
Housing & Economic Development	44,667
Depreciation-Unallocated	23,858
Total Depreciation Expense-	
Government Activities	\$ 204,090
Business Type Activities:	
Liquor	\$ 3,683
Water	38,728
Sewer	28,240
Garbage	78
Total Depreciation Expense-	
Business Type Activities	\$ 70.729

### F. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Payables in the general, major governmental funds and enterprise funds are composed almost entirely of payables to vendors. As of December 31, 2023, there were \$12,174 in accounts payable.

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### G. LONG-TERM DEBT

## General Obligation Essential Function Housing Development Revenue Bond

This revenue bond was issued in 2004 for \$1,475,000 and is payable in monthly payments of \$5,325. These payments are made out of the EDA fund and include an interest rate of 5% and are due May 2, 2034. This bond is backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the City.

### General Obligation Improvement Crossover Refunding Bond Series 2012A

This refunding bond was issued on November 26, 2012 for \$1,465,000 and is payable in annual installments starting in 2014. This bond is used to refund the 2003 and 2005 bonds. These payments will be made out of the water fund and debt service fund and include an interest rate range from 1.05% to 2.8% and are due February 01, 2026. Bond issuance costs were \$15,850. This bond is backed by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City.

As a result of the refunding, the City will realize from an interest rate reduction, a gross savings of \$116,865 and an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$126,253.

### GO Water Revenue Series 2015A

This water revenue bond was issued May, 2015 for \$280,000 and is payable in annual installments starting in 2016. These payments include an interest rate of 3.15% and are due February 1, 2030. The revenue bond is backed by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City.

### Water Improvement Bond

This improvement bond was issued in 2012 for \$415,000 and is payable in annual installments. These payments are made out of the debt service fund and include an interest rate of 4.60% and are due January 1, 2021. This bond is backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the City.

### General Obligation Improvement Refunding Bonds of 2020A

This improvement bond was issued in February 2020 for \$444,000 and is payable in annual installments starting in February 2021. These payments include an interest rate 2.75% and are due February 01, 2031. This bond is backed by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City.

As a result of the refunding, the City will realize from an interest rate reduction, a gross savings of \$49,425 and an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$49,486.

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

### Water Revenue Note 2023A

This improvement bond was issued in June 2023 for \$157,000 and is payable in annual installments starting February 2025. These payments will include an interest rate of 3.85% and are due February 2033. This bond is backed by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City.

The following is a summary of the changes in Bonds Payable and Long-Term Debt for 2023:

	Balance 1-1-23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12-31-23	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Notes Payable:					
League of MN Cities Loan	52,238		52,238	-	-
Installment Agreement	8,000		4,000	4,000	4,000
Total Notes Payable Lease Payable:	52,238	12,000	56,238	4,000	4,000
First Lease- Fire Truck	169,967		22,145	147,822	22,871
Total Lease Payable	169,967		22,145	147,822	22,871
Bonds:					
GO Essential Function Housing Development of 2004	588,376		44,005	544,371	45,562
GO Refunding Bond 2020A	438,000	-	3,000	435,000	3,000
Go Improvement Series 2012A	485,000		115,000	370,000	120,000
Total Bonds Payable	1,511,376	-	162,005	1,349,371	168,562
Other Long Term Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	1,337	5,462		6,799	
Total Liabilities Governmental Activities	1,734,918	12,462	240,388	1,507,992	195,433
Business-Type Activities					
GO Water Revenue Series 2015A	166,000		19,000	147,000	19,000
GO Water Revenue Series 2023A		157,000		157,000	-
Other Long Term Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	8,460	5,964		14,424	
Total Liabilities Business-Type Activities	174,460	162,964	19,000	318,424	19,000
Total Liabilities	1,909,378	175,426	259,388	1,826,416	214,433

## NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

## G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2023		<b>GO</b> 1	Bonds		Note	s Payable
Governmental-	Гуре			-	11000	3 I WYWDIC
Activities	9	Principal	Interest	_	Principal	Interest
	2024	168,562	38,572		4,000	
	2025	175,182	38,572		1,000	_
	2026	176,860	33,713			_
	2027	153,598	28,546			
	2028	153,398	23,601			
	2029-2033	521,770	52,789			
	2034-2038	0	1,400			
	2039-2043			5 3		
	Totals	1,349,370	217,192		4,000	<b>-</b>
2023		GOB	Sonds		Lease	Payable
Business Type					Principal	Interest
	2024	19,000	10,379	2024	22,871	5,465
	2025	32,000	9,531	2025	23,751	4,585
	2026	36,000	8,362	2026	24,650	3,686
	2027	37,000	7,100	2027	25,583	2,753
	2028	39,000	5,787	2,028	26,547	1,789
	2029-2033	141,000	11,281	2029-2033	24,420	780
	Totals _	304,000	52,438		147,823	19,057

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### H. LEASE PURCHASE

On July 29, 2019, the City of Balaton fire department signed a lease purchase agreement with First Lease LLC for the purpose of the new pumper and chassis. Interest rate is 3.75% with two payments in January and July starting 2020. Last payment will be July 05, 2029.

### I. INSTALLMENT AGREEMENT

On April 11, 2022 the City of Balaton signed an installment agreement for the purchase of two vehicles. Total purchase price is \$12,000. First payment was made in 2022 for \$4,000. The remainder will be paid in two different installments of \$4,000 on April 1, 2023 and April 1, 2024. The City has the option to pay in full at any time.

### J. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Transfers between funds of the primary government for the years ended December 31, 2023:

	General	Liquor	
Transfers In	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Total</b>
Fund:			
General	-	2	2
EDA	40,000	-	40,000
Ambulance	12,200	-	12,200
Fire	30,000	-	30,000
Total	82,200	2	82,202

All transfers between funds were for operating expenses the following is December 31, 2023.

	Transfers	Transfers	
Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:	<u>In</u>	Out	Net
Governmental Funds	82,202	(82,200)	2
Enterprise Funds	0	2	(2)
Total Transfers	<u>82,202</u>	(82,202)	0

#### **Interfund Balances**

At December 31, 2023, these were the following interfund advances due to cash deficits. No repayment plan has been setup.

Advance to	Advance From	Amount	<u>Purpose</u>
Water	Debt Service	\$ 18,355	Cash deficit
EDA	Debt Service	125,808	Cash deficit
General	Sewer Fund	515,414	Cash deficit
General	Debt Service	41,146	Cash deficit

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

### K. COMMITTED FUND BALANCE BREAKDOWN

There is committed fund balance in the general fund at December 31, 2023:

Parks Improvements	\$ 6,854
Community Center	7,500
Sports Complex	4,537
Total Committed General	\$18,891

Fire Committed for capital outlay \$10,367

### L. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE BREAKDOWN

There is restricted fund balance at December 31, 2023:

Fire – Capital Outlay	\$ 12,910
Ambulance- Capital Outlay	<u>12,910</u>
Total Restricted	\$ 25,820

### **NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION**

### A. MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

EDA entered into an agreement with MN Signature to manage and operate the Lakeview Senior Housing facility. The monthly rent will be \$6,500.

## B. RENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN EDA AND LAKEVIEW SENIOR HOUSING

Lakeview Senior Housing rents the operations real estate from the EDA. Lakeview Senior Housing is responsible for all taxes, insurance and maintenance on the property. The EDA is responsible for the principal and interest on the bond with First Independent Bank. During 2023 Lakeview Senior Housing paid rents of \$63,900. Future commitments are as follows:

2024	63,900
2025	63,900
2026	63,900

### C. FEDERAL AIDS - SINGLE AUDIT ACT

The City expended less than \$750,000 of federal financial assistance and is exempt from the audit requirements of the Uniform Guidance and all other federal audit requirements.

### **NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION(CONTINUED)**

#### D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City participates in the League of Minnesota Cities Intergovernmental Trust (LMCIT) to provide its general liability and property coverage. The LMCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating Minnesota cities. All cities in the LMCIT are jointly and severally liable for all claims and expenses of the pool. The amount of any liability in excess of assets of the pool may be assessed to participating cities if a deficiency occurs. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and re- insures through commercial companies for excess claims. The City is covered through the pool for any claims incurred but unreported, but retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies.

As of December 31, 2023, the City did not have any claims which were probable and measurable and therefore no liability is recorded in the financial statements presented. The City has not had any claims which exceeded its deductible during the past three years.

#### E. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Program Involvement

In the normal course of operations, the City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

## NOTE 4. OTHER INFORMATION(CONTINUED)

## E. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

### Litigation

The City is party to various legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings.

While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

### F. TAX ABATEMENTS

The city has granted tax abatements with approved resolutions since 2016. One for all new residential and commercial units that are built in Balaton. The city will grant abatement for a period of three years: Year one 80% of the taxes, Year two 60% of the taxes and Year three 40% of the taxes. The new resolutions have a \$10,000 cap limit on the tax abatements were residential or commercial.

The other abatement was to the buyer of the EDA's duplex. The city will grant abatement for a period of three years: Year one 80% of the taxes, Year two 60% of the taxes and Year three 40% of the taxes.

2023	11,290 (Actual)
2024	8,820 (Estimated)
2025	5,288 (Estimated)
2026	2,120 (Estimated)

### NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE

#### A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

### General Employees Retirement Plan

All full time and certain part time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

#### **B. BENEFITS PROVIDED**

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

### General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase will be equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

## NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

### B. BENEFITS PROVIDED (Continued)

### General Employees Plan Benefits (Continued)

For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until the normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

### C. CONTRIBUTIONS

*Minnesota Statutes* Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

### General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023; the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$21,357, \$20,588 and \$19,885, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by the state statute.

### D. PENSION COSTS

### General Employee Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$212,492 for its proportionate share of the General Employee Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$5,851.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportion share was 0.0038% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0037% for the beginning of the period.

### NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE (Continued)

Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$212,492
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the City	<u>5,851</u>
Total	218,343

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,597 for its proportionate share of General Employee Fund's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$268 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of General Employee Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	6,935	\$	1,387
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		32,625		58,242
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		0		6,495
Changes in Proportion		9,574		0
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	-	10,356		0
Totals	_\$	59,490	\$	66,124

\$10,356 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense
Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2024	\$8,933
2025	(\$27,538)
2026	\$6,225
2027	(\$4,610)

# CITY OF BALATON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

# NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

# E. LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON INVESTMENT

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%		
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%		
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%		
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%		
Total	100%			

# F. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of nation investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent.

# CITY OF BALATON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

# NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Continued)

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The tables are adjustment slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial evaluation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2023:

#### **General Employees Fund**

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5% to 7.0%

### Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

#### G. DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# CITY OF BALATON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

# NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE (Continued)

# H. PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Lower at different discount rate (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Higher at different discount rate (8.0%)
City's proportionate share of the General Employees Fund net pension liability:	\$375,915	\$212,492	\$78,070

# I. PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.mnpera.org">www.mnpera.org</a>.

CITY OF BALATON SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES GENERAL EMPLOYEES FUND

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability 83.10% 76.70% 87.00% 80.20% 79.50% 75.90% 68.90% 78.20%	
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll ((a+b)/c) 78.46% 109.50% 60.00% 92.93% 78.44% 82.50% 107.03% 140.38% 89.44%	
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll (C) \$275,278 \$275,457 \$254,028 \$225,297 \$229,162 \$229,162 \$223,408	126777
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll (a+b) \$218,343 \$301,614 \$158,419 \$216,298 \$176,725 \$189,061 \$252,079 \$329,072	1 50,0220
State's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (b) \$5.851 \$8.572 \$4.682 \$6.457 \$5.333 \$5.991 \$3.106 \$4.992 \$6.00	26
Employer's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) \$212,492 \$293,042 \$153,737 \$209,841 \$171,392 \$183,070 \$248,973	\$228,031
Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) 0.0038% 0.0037% 0.0037% 0.0035% 0.0031% 0.0039% 0.0039% 0.0039%	0.0044%
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023 June 30, 2023 June 30, 2021 June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2017	June 30, 2015

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available. \*\*For purposes of this schedule, covered employee payroll is defined as "pensionable wages".

# CITY OF BALATON SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES GENERAL EMPLOYEES FUND

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For purposes of this schedule, covered employee payroll is defined as "pensionable wages".

# CITY OF BALATON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

# General Employees Fund 2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5% to 7.0% Changes in Plan Provisions:
- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

#### 2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

#### 2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

#### 2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

# CITY OF BALATON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2023

# Changes in Plan Provisions:

Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

### 2019 Changes

# Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

# Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

#### 2018 Changes

# Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

## 2017 Changes

# Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability and 3.0% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

## 2016 Changes

# Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

# 2015 Changes

# Changes in Plan Provisions:

 On January 1, 2015 the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

# Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

# City of Balaton Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

Special Revenue Total Nonmajor	Governmental	Ambulance SCDG Funds		\$ 120,352 \$ 7,794 \$ 128,146	63,141 63,141	- 2,004 2,004	- 14,185 14,185	2,457	183 493 26,440 209,933				\$ 183,493 \$ 26,440 \$ 209,933	•	9 761	191	1947	4,401	19/ 4,401	010 61		21,979	183 296 21 979 205,273
			ASSETS	Cash and Cash Equivalents	A	Accounts Necelvanie	Notes Receivable- Current Foldon	Due from Other Governments	Notes Receivable	Total Assets	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Aggregated deferred outflows	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	LIABILITIES	Accounts Payable	Total Liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Aggregated deferred inflows	Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	FUND BALANCE	Restricted	Assigned	



City of Balaton Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Sp	Total				
Revenues	Ambula	nce	SCDG	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Refunds and Reimbursements	\$	325 <b>\$</b>		4		
Charges for Services		-		\$ 325		
Interest Revenue		,842		70,842		
Miscellaneous	2	,419	229	2,648		
Donations			4,230	4,230		
Federal Grants		50		50		
State Grants and Aids	10		24,675	24,675		
Total Revenues		910		12,910		
Expenditures	86,	<u>546</u> _	29,134	115,680		
Public Safety						
2	63,	086		63,086		
Housing and Economic Development  Total Expenditures			29,069	29,069		
•	63,	086	29,069	92,155		
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	23,	460	65	23,525		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from other funds	12,2	200		12,200		
Transfers to other funds			,			
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,2	200		12,200		
Net Change in Fund Balance	35,0	660	65	35,725		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	147,6	636	21,914	169,550		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 183,2	296 \$	21,979	\$ 205,275		



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Council City of Balaton Balaton, Minnesota 56115

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the City of Balaton, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Balaton, Minnesota's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 8, 2024.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Balaton, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Balaton, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Balaton, Minnesota's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Prior and Current Findings and Responses, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in *internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Prior and Current Findings and Responses, as item 2023-1, 2023-2 and, 2023-3 to be material weaknesses.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Balaton, Minnesota's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

# Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Balaton, Minnesota failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn Stat § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City of Balaton, Minnesota's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

# City of Balaton, Minnesota's Response to Findings

City of Balaton's responses to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Prior and Current Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

## Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kinner & Company Ltd Certified Public Accountants

Kinner + Company Ltd.

April 8, 2024

212 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 1, Tracy, MN 56175 507-629-3662, fax 507-629-3446 Visit our <u>website</u> at <u>www.kinner.co</u>

#### STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding 2022-1: A material weakness was reported due to the lack of segregation of duties within the organization. This finding continues to exist and has been restated as Finding 2023-1.

<u>Finding 2022-2:</u> A material weakness was reported due to the auditor proposing material journal entries that resulted in significant changes to the financials. This finding continues to exist and has been restated as Finding 2023-2.

<u>Finding 2022-3</u>: A material weakness was reported due to the Council and Mayor were not following approved policy on sick leave severance. This finding does not continue to exist in the current year.

<u>Finding 2022-4</u>: A material weakness was reported due to audit procedures finding that the city office did not receive the entire Lyon County reimbursement grant resulting in \$45,048 of additional revenue recorded in the Ambulance fund. This finding does not continue to exist in the current year.

<u>Finding 2022-5</u>: A material weakness was reported due to issues with the ambulance billing with large amounts sent to a collection agency. This finding continues to exist and has been restated as Finding 2023-3.

<u>Finding 2022-6</u>: A finding existed according to the Minnesota Compliance Guide, the City did not maintain sufficient collateral for deposits. This finding does not continue to exist in the current year.

2023-2 Finding: Audit Adjustments

Condition: During our audit, we proposed numerous adjustments that resulted in significant changes to the City's financial statements. The adjustments resulted from the general ledger being partially maintained on the cash basis of accounting rather than the accrual basis.

Effect: A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect misstatements in the financial statements on a timely basis. One control deficiency that typically is considered significant is identification by the auditor of a material misstatement in the financial statements not initially identified by the entity's internal controls. This could affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Cause: As is the case with many small entities, the City has relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the journal entries necessary to convert the general ledger to the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the City's ability to produce an accrual basis general ledger is based, at least in part, on reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the City's internal control. This condition was caused by the City's decision that it is more cost effective to have its auditors assist in preparing an accrual basis general ledger than to incur the time and expense or training required to maintain an accrual basis general ledger.

Criteria: The City's accounting staff should prepare journal entries during the year, or at a minimum, at year end to convert the cash basis general ledger to a modified accrual basis general ledger. The external auditor's staff cannot be considered part of the City's internal control and should not be relied upon to propose a significant number of material audit adjustments.

Recommendation: If the City still intends to have the external auditors assist in the preparation of accrual basis journal entries, then at a minimum, we recommend they continue to provide adequate training so the City Clerk and Deputy Clerk can sufficiently review, understand and approve the journal entries.

# Corrective Action Plan (CAP):

1. Explanation of Disagreement with the Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

2. Action Planned in Response to Finding

The City will continue to rely on the external auditors to recommend adjustments. The City Clerk and Deputy Clerk will review and approve any proposed audit adjustments.

3. Official Responsible for Insuring CAP

The Mayor and the City Council are responsible for ensuring corrective action of this deficiency.

4. Planned Completion Date for CAP

This plan has been and will continue to be implemented.

5. Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP

The Mayor and the City Council will be monitoring this plan.

# **CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

## **2023-1 Finding: Segregation of Duties**

**Condition:** Due to the limited number of accounting office personnel within the City, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting controls is not always possible. The City does not segregate the duties of cash receipting and disbursing from the two accounting office employees. The same employee also maintains the general ledger and prepares bank reconciliations.

Effect: This could affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Cause: The City has limited staff in the accounting department. The same employee is performing multiple accounting functions.

Criteria: One basic objective of internal control is to provide for segregation of incompatible duties. In other words, responsibilities should be separated among employees so that a single employee is not able to authorize a transaction, record the transaction in accounts, and maintain responsibility for custody of the asset resulting from the transaction.

**Recommendation:** Since we acknowledge that it is not economically feasible for the City to hire additional staff, we recommend the Mayor and City Council continue to monitor financial activity, and review and approve invoices. As an added control we would also recommend the Mayor or designated City Council Member continue to monitor and approve bank reconciliations. This review and approval should be evidenced by a signature on the bank reconciliation.

#### Corrective Action Plan (CAP):

#### 1. Explanation of Disagreement with the Audit Finding

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

#### 2. Action Planned in Response to Finding

The City will respond to this by Continuing to have the Mayor or a designated City Council Member review, approve and initial invoices, review the bank statements, monthly reconciliations and initial that review process on the reconciliation.

#### 3. Official Responsible for Insuring CAP

The Mayor and the City Council are responsible for ensuring corrective action of this deficiency.

#### 4. Planned Completion Date for CAP

Alternate control procedures have been and will continue to be performed by the Mayor and the City Council. This plan will be reviewed on a continuing basis to ensure compliance.

### 5. Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP

The Mayor and the City Council will be monitoring this plan.

2023-3 Finding: The ambulance billing continues to have write offs. The billing company was behind on 2023 billings.

**Criteria:** A City employee or official should be aware of all billings and receivables monthly for better tracking and proper recording of revenues and receivables.

Condition: The external auditor's staff cannot be considered to be part of the City's internal control.

Cause: The City has had turnover in the accounting function. There has been no follow-up on these billings or receivables.

Effect: A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. One control deficiency that typically is considered significant is identification by the auditor of a material misstatement in the financial statements not initially identified by the entity's internal controls. This could affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the Mayor, Council, City clerk and Deputy clerk review all billings and receivables monthly for proper recording.

Council Response and Corrective Action Plan: There is no disagreement with the audit finding. The city approved a new ambulance billing company and they have started January 2024.

		P